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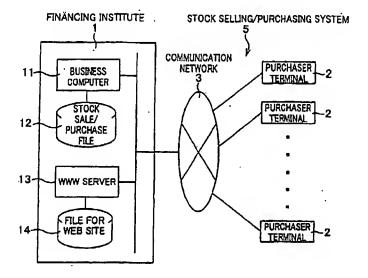
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### (54) STOCK SELLING/PURCHASING SYSTEM AND STOCK SELLING/PURCHASING METHOD

(57) A stock selling/purchasing system (5) comprising a linancing institute (1) that has means for storing therein the amount of own fund of the purchaser, means for storing therein the emount of accommodation of fund to the purchaser, meens for calculating the interest on the accommodation, means for ceiculating the total market velue of the stock, meens for calculating the gross amount of accommodation from the emount of accom-

modation and the interest, means for calculating the stock maintenance ratio from the gross amount of accommodation and the total market value, means for storing therein the target stock maintenance ratio, and means for displaying information when the stock maintenance ratio exceeds the target stock maintenance ratio, a purchaser terminal (2), and a communication network (3) for interconnecting them. A stock selling / purchasing method using the system is elso provided.

### FIG.1



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### Description

### BACKGROUND ART

[0001] The present invention relates to a stock seiling/ purchasing system end e stock seiling/purchasing method to sell and purchase the stock by accommodating a stock purcheser with a purchase fund.

### PRIOR ART

[0002] As one example of a stock trede to sell end purchase a stock by accommodating a stock purchaser with a purchase fund, there is one dealing system like a credit dealing to gain the stock. This type of dealing system is performed in such a manner that an investor borrows a stock purchase fund from a security firm to purchase the socks exceeding own fund.

[0003] Since credit dealing is carried out within a predetermined period, the investor sells off the stock purchased within this term, and eppropriates the obtained price for loan money.

[0004] A stock price is elways fluctueted in not only the case such as a credit dealing, but also in the deeling such that a finencing institute accommodates a stock purchaser with a purchase fund to sell and purchase the stock. Accordingly, both the purchaser and the financing institute wear a risk. For example, when a stock price is dropped, the purchaser not only receives a deficit, but also sometimes needs to increase a pledge against the financing institute. Furthermore, depending on the case, payment of loan money becomes difficult, and it lapses into the state such that loan money is unrecoverable for the financing institute.

[0005] However, In order to restrain aforementioned risk to the minimum as much as possible, it is necessary to alweys observe the trend of a stock market, to calculete the profit and loss obteined by trades each time, and to accurately determine e timing of the stock trede. As e conventional method, a timing of selling end purchasing the stock was determined based on both an observation of stock price and a calculation of the profit and loss in such a manner that both the purchaser and the financing institute are contecting with each other.

[0006] In the meentime, the stock trade by using internet has recently been appeared. Therefore, the purchaser can sell and purchase the stock by observing stock price information on real-time. However, it is necessary to individually perform a precise calculation of the profit and loss for reducing the risk as a conventional way.

[0007] Accordingly, a stock selling/purchasing system has never been appeared until now so as to observe the stock price and to celculate the profit and loss on reel-time for making it possible for confining the risk to the minimum as much as possible when the stock price is dropped.

[0008] In the eforementioned dealing system, both

the purcheser end the financing institute were accompanied by the potential risk. Therefore, a system and method of selling and purchasing the stock has been required to realize in such a manner that the risk was minimized as much es possible to be able to maintain a reliable dealing. Specificelly, en object hes been seeking to offer e stock selling/purchesing system end a stock selling/purchasing method in such a manner that the profit end loss for a fluctuation of the stock price of the purchese brend cen always be calculated for eccurately meking a judgement of the stock trade, edditionelly, even though when the stock price is dropped, the amount of loss for the purchaser can be confined to e predetermined value for allowing et leest loan money to be recoverable for the financing institute.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0009] The main object of the present invention is to provide the stock selling/purchesing system and stock selling/purchesing method capable of solving the eforementioned drawbacks, of neutrelizing a profit and loss for both the purchaser and the finencing institute, and of reducing a risk.

[0010] First of all, the stock selling/purchasing system with regard to the present invention comprises, meens for storing the amount of own fund to store the amount of accommodation of fund, means for storing the amount of accommodation of fund to store the amount of accommodetion fund to the purchaser, means for ceiculating the interest to calculate the Interest on the accommodetion fund, means for calculating the total merket value of the stock to calculate the total merket value of the stock, meens for celculating the gross amount of accommodetion to calculate the gross emount of accommodetion from the amount of accommodetion and the celculated interest, meens for celculating the maintenance ratio to calculate the maintenence ratio for every brand by subtracting the total market value of the stock from the total amount of accommodetion, means for storing the terget maintenence ratio to store the target meintenance ratio predetermined in eccordance with the stock brand, and means for displeying informetion to display informetion when the maintenence ratio exceeds the target maintenance ratio.

[0011] According to the stock selling/purchasing system of the present invention, the necessary deta can be displayed such that the maintenance ratio exceeds more than the terget maintenance retio (sometimes celled "Inverieble multiplication") when the stock price of the purchase brand is dropped end/or interest is skyrocketed. The displaying of exceeding maintenance retio makes it possible for the purcheser and the financing institute or the like to rapidly take a countermeesure such thet the stock is sold.

[0012] Hereupon, for example, the stock selling/purchesing system can be comprised in such manner that when e meintenance ratio is more than 100 %, the stock

trade is displayed and the financing institute or other institutes nominated by the financing institute purchase the stock from the purchaser. Accordingly, a loss price of the purchaser deserves an own fund so that the purchaser can prevent amount of loss price from being exceeded more than amount of own fund.

[0013] Therefore, if the target maintenance ratio is predetermined to less than 100% of value in advance, the purchaser can restrain the maximum amount of a loss from being exceeded the amount of own fund. Additionally, for example, the financing institute urges the purchaser to sell the stock so that sale price can be appropriated for recovery of lone money.

[0014] However, the stock selling/purchasing system can also be comprised in such a manner that even though when a maintenance ratio is more than 100 %, the purchaser can continuously possess the stock for latter cases that the stock price may be skyrocketed. Herein, a maintenance ratio is a ratio of an estimated price for a market value of the stock and is also called "multiplication". A maintaining ratio is evaluated by subtracting a total merket value of purchase brand from a gross amount of accommodation (the amount of principal and interest of accommodation).

[0015] Secondarily, the-stock selling/purchasing system with regard to the present invention is characterized in that said target maintenance ratio is predetermined so as to be a large value for a brand having a large numbex of stock trades, while said target maintenance ratio is predetermined so as to be a small value for a brand having a small number of stock trades.

[0016] According to this stock selling/purchasing system, a profitable lina can be provided in accordance with each brand. At the same time, even though the stock price of a purchase brand is dropped, a stock can be sold for latter cases. Specifically, the brand having a small number of stock trades in a stock market is hardly concluded for dealing. Therefore, the stock can hardly be sold, while there is a case such that a stock price is further dropped and a loss is increased. Accordingly, a target maintenance ratio of the aforementioned brand having a small number of stock trades is predetermined as a small value in advance to cope with the risk such that the stock can hardly be sold.

[0017] Thirdly, the stock selling/purchasing system with regard to the present Invention is comprised of an automatic-sale maintanance storing method to store the automatic selling maintenance ratio predetermined in accordance with a brand of the aforementioned stock, and an automatic selling method to automatically sell the aforementioned stock when said maintenance ratio is more than said automatic selling maintenance ratio.

[0018] According to this stock selling/purchasing system, the stock is rapidly and automatically sold when the maintenance ratio is more than a predetermined value.

tem, the stock is rapidly and automatically sold when the maintenance ratio is more than a predetermined value (the automatic selling maintenance ratio). The purchaser can confirm an amount of loss at this time for prevanting the loss from being more increased. Additionally, a

troublesome work such as making a phone call regarding the stock trade between the purchaser and the financing institute can be eliminated for enhancing a working efficiency of the stock trade.

[0019] Fourthly, the stock salling/purchasing system with regard to the present invention is also characterized in that said stock are sold and purchased for a bundle of plural brands.

[0020] According to this stock selling/purchasing system, both the purchaser and the financing institute can grasp not only an individual profit and loss of every purchase brand, but also a whole or optional unit profit and loss of purchase brand. Consequently, trades can flexibility be made in accordance with a market trend or funds.

[0021] Fifthly, the stock selling/purchasing system with regard to the present invention is also characterized in that an information being confined to at least a brand of said stock as well as a balance sheet disclosing said total amount of accommodation and said total market value can be examined by said purchaser through internet.

[0022] According to this stock selling/purchasing system, the purchaser can gain a detailed information of the stock price regarding the purchase brand, an accommodation information including a borrowing interest, and an information regarding a profit and loss respectively on real-time. Thareby, the purchaser can gain more convenient service. Furthermore, a troublasome phone call between the purchaser and the financing institution as wall as a trouble caused by the phona call can be reduced.

[0023] Sevanthly, the stock selling and purchasing system with regard to the present invention is also characterized in that only personal ID is described on said belance sheet as information for specifying one person. [0024] According to this stock selling/purchasing system, even though a third party of the general public except for both the purchaser and the financing institute accesses to a Web site established on Internet, it is not specified who the purchaser is. Thereby, the information regarding the purchaser is confined to the personal ID to protect the privacy of the purchaser. Consequently, the purchaser can use the stock selling/purchasing system in comfort.

[0025] Eighthly, the stock selling/purchasing system with ragard to the present invention is also comprised of a selling/purchasing method such that said stock is sold when said maintaining ratio is mora than predetermined value.

[0026] According to this stock selling/purchasing system, the financing institute or other institutes nominated by the financing institute purchase the stock when the stock price of a purchase brand is dropped. A predetermined value is set so as to be same value as the target maintenance ratio or lerger value of the target maintenance ratio. For example, the predetermined value is set as more than 100 %, the financing institute or other

Institute nominated by the financing institute purchase the stock when a stock selling price is less than a total amount of accommodation. Accordingly, the purchaser will never lose more than amount of own fund so as to prevent a risk from being expanded when the stock price is dropped or the interest is increased.

[0027] Ninthly, the stock selling/purchasing method with regard to the present Invention by using aforementioned stock selling/purchasing system is comprised of a first step that the financing institute accommodates the stock purchaser, a second step that said financing institute deposits the stock purchased by said purchaser as pledge, a third step that said financing institute or said purchaser sells said stock, and a fourth step that when said selling price is less than amount of the accommodation or the accommodation including the interest, the balance is appropriated as the loss of said financing institute.

[0028] According to this stock selling/purchasing method, the stock purchaser can receive accommodation from the financing institute as a shortage of price when the stock purchaser purchases the stock by more than amount of own fund. Specifically, when a selling price purchased by the purchaser is less than amount of the accommodation or the accommodation including the interest, the deduction is paid by the financing institute. The purchaser can restrain the maximum amount of aloss from being exceeded own fund. Consequently, the stock trade can be performed with a guaranty for loss.

[0029] Furthermore, the stock is sold in two cases. One is the case where the financing institute sells the stock under the agreement of the purchaser. The other one is the case where the purchaser sells the stock under the agreement of the financing institute. The loss caused by selling the stock at this time deserves the loss of the financing institute. Herein, the stock selling price is a market value.

[0030] Tenthly, the stock selling/purchasing method with regard to the present invention is comprised of a step such that said financing institute and third party perform an optional dealing for a price reduction of said stock.

[0031] According to the stock selling/purchasing method, for example, the financing institute performs an optional dealing for a price reduction of Japan-economic average by a part of interest received from the purchaser. Herein, the optional dealing is system such that one stock is sold and purchased by a predetermined price within a certain term in the feature under the condition of selling/purchasing "right of purchase (call-option)" and "right of sale (put-option)". When the stock price is expected to skyrocket in the feature, a call option may be bought or a put option may be sold. On the other hand, when the stock price is expected to drop in the feature, a call option may be bought.

[0032] Accordingly, even the stock selling price pur-

chased by the purchaser is less than amount of the accommodation or the accommodation including interest due to a drop of the stock price, the loss of the financing institution can be reduced to make up for the loss of the purchaser as long as the financing institute secures a profit gained by the optional dealing of the stock price reduction.

[0033] Tenthly, the stock selling/purchasing method with regard to the present invention is comprised of a step that an accommodation frame is provided in said stock for every brand in accordance with a number of trade in the stock market, and a step that said financing is performed in accordance with the financing frame.

[0034] According to the stock selling/purchasing method, a brand having a small number of stock trades in the stock market can hardly sell the stock when the stock price is dropped. Therefore, for example, if the accommodation frame for the purchaser is shrunk in advance, the risk can be predictable. On the other hand, a brand having a large number of stock trades in the stock trade can freely perform the stock trade by expanding the accommodation frame. Herein, the number of the stock trade can be appropriately determined based on an average number of such as past one month, three months, half a year.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

### [0035]

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Fig.1 is a schematic structural view of the stock sale and purchase system.

Fig.2 is a block structural view of a business computer in the stock sale and purchase system.

Fig.3 is a theoretical structural view of the stock sale and purchase.

Fig. 4 is an update processing flow chart of the stock sale and purchase.

Fig.5 is a flow chart of utilizing the stock sale and purchase.

Figs.6 is a balance sheet

Figs.7 is one embodiment of a balance sheet.

Figs.8 is a flow chart indicating a flow of the stock sale and purchase.

Figs.9 is an explanatory view indicating a flow of money in the stock sale and purchase.

Figs. 10 is one example of a passbook

Figs.11 is one exemple of a report of the stock selling and purchasing.

Figs.12 is a flow chart of a compendium for depositing a security.

### BEST MODES FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

5 [0036] Embodiments of the stock selling/purchasing system with regard to the present invention will be described in detail with reference to accompanied drawings. [0037] First of all, a schematic structure of the stock selling/purchasing system with regard to the present invention is described with reference to Fig.1. As shown in Fig.1, the stock selling/purchasing system is comprised of a financing institute 1, a purchaser terminal 2, and a communication network 3 for connecting said financing institute 1 and said purchaser terminal 2.

[0038] Herein, the financing institute 1 is an institute for accommodating the purchaser with a purchase fund to purchase the stock. Additionally, the financing institute 1 is commissioned by the purchaser to sell and purchase the stock under the condition of a nude contract only. Furthermore, the financing institute 1 sometimes commissions a security firm to sell and purchase the stock. The purchaser pays money as a down payment of own fund to the financing institute 1 for requesting the financing institute 1 to purchase the stock. Then when the financing institute 1 pays a purchased price to a security firm, the amount of price subtracting said paid down payment (an own fund of the purchaser) from sald purchased price is accommodated to the purchaser. When the financing institute 1 accommodates the purchaser with said subtracted price, the financing institute 1 deposits the stock certificate received from a security firm in pledge. The financing institute 1 establishes Web Site such that the purchaser can examine an information of accommodation and an information of a profit and loss on internet.

[0039] Herein, the financing institute 1 is comprised of a business computer 11 and WWW sever 13. Furthermore, the business computer 11 includes a stock sale/purchase file 12., while WWW sever 13 includes a file 14 for Web Site respectively.

[0040] The purchaser terminal 2 is a terminal used by the purchaser who purchase the stock by receiving a purchase fund from the financing institute 1 to purchase the stock. The purchaser operates the purchaser terminal 2 to gain the information of an accommodation and the information of a profit and loss regarding a purchase brand by accessing WWW server 13 of the financing institute 1 via a communication network 3.

[0041] Next, the business computer 11 of the financing institute 1 is described with reference to Flg.2. The business computer 11 is a computer to generate and renew a stock sale/purchase file 12. As shown in Fig.2, The business computer 11 is comprised of a process portion 21, a storing portion 22, a communication control portion 23, displaying portion 24, and inputting portion 25.

[0042] Herein, the process portion 21 is to perform a calculation process for each case. The storing portion 22 is to store an information for each case. The communication control portion 23 is to perform a connection process with the commutation network 3. The display portion 24 is to display an inputting operations or the like of each kinds of the information on the screen, and is to display the required information on the screen for printing out when a maintainance ratio is more than value of

a target maintenance ratio. The inputting portion 25 is to input each kind of information.

[0043] The business computer 11 generates and renew the stock sale/purchase file 12 in the storing portion 22 by calculating the information of the purchaser, a finance, and a stock price. Herein, the information of purchaser and the accommodation is stored in the storing portion 22 via the inputting portion 25. On the other hand, the information of the stock price is gained from an outside information providing institutes (not shown) via the communication controlling portion 23 and the communication network 3. The storing portion 22 comprehends an inside-storing device (storing) and an outside-storing device (hard desk or the like) in the business computer 11.

[0044] Next, the theoretical structure of the stock sale/ purchase file 12 is described with reference to Fig.3. As shown in Fig.3, the stock sale/purchase file 12 is comprised of the-purchaser information 31 for the purchaser, the accommodation-information 32 for the purchaser, the profit and loss information 33 for the purchaser brand. The purchaser information 31 is the information of name, personal ID, adders, phone number, possibility or not of automatic sale with regard to the purchaser. The accommodation information 32 is the information of an own fund, an accommodation, date of accommodation, interest, total amount of accommodation. Furthermore, the profit and loss information 33 is the information of such as a purchase brand, a number of stock, a stock price, total market value, a maintenance ratio, a target maintenance ratio, an automatic selling maintenance ratio, a profit and loss.

[0045] Next, a renewing process of the stock sale/purchase file 12 is described with reference to Fig.4. As shown in Fig.4, when the stock sale/purchase file 12 is required to begin renewing (Step 101), the business computer 11 calculates an interest in the process portion 21 under the condition that date of accommodation is an initial day of calculation (Step 102). Then, total amount of accommodation is calculated in such a way that interest calculated in step 102 is added to the accommodation fund (Step 103). Then, the total market value is calculated in such a way that a number of stock is multiplied by the stock price information provided from outside Information providing institute (not shown) via the communication controlling portion 23 and the commutation network 3 (Step 104). Then, a maintenance ratio is calculated in such a way that total market value calculated in step 104 is subtracted from a total amount of accommodation calculated in step 103 (Step 105). Herein, the maintenance ratio calculated in step 105 is compared with a target maintenance ratio stored in the storing portion 22 (Step 106). At this time, when the maintenance ratio is more than amount of a target maintenance ratio, the following process is divided in two steps based on the data whether automatic sale is possible or not (Step 107).

[0046] When it is possible to be automatically sold

("possible"), a maintenance ratio is compared with the automatic selling maintenance ratio stored in the storing portion 22 (Step 108). At this time, when the maintenance ratio is more than the automatic sale maintenance ratio the stock is automatically sold (Step 109). The automatic sale is a system such that the processing portion 21 in the business computer 11 automatically orders the stock sale/purchase computer (not shown) of a security firm to sell the stock via the communication controlling portion 23 and the communication network 3. At this time, the loss price of the purchaser is evaluated for preventing the loss from being expanded. When the maintenance ratio is less than amount of the automatic a selling maintenance ratio, the maintenance ratio extremely exceeded more than target ratio is displayed on the displaying portion 24 (Step 110) so as to take early countermeasure. On the other hand, when it is impossible to be automatically sold ("Impossible"), a judgement is made whether the maintaining ratio is 100 % or not (Step 111). If the maintaining ratio is more than 100 %, instruction for purchasing the stock is displayed on the displaying portion 24. At the same time, the financing institute 1 or other institutes nominated by the financing institution 1 purchase the stock form the purchaser (Step 112). This causes the loss price of the purchaser to be confined within an own fund so that the purchaser can prevent the loss from being expanded to more than the own fund, if the maintenance ratio is less than 100 %, the maintenance ratio exceeded more than target ratio is displayed on the displaying portion 24 (Step 113) so as to take early countermeasure.

[0047] The contents of the stock sale/purchase file 12 are rewritten under the condition that these calculation processing results are the latest information (Step 114) to terminate renewing a processing of the stock sale/purchase file 12 (Step 115).

[0048] Herein, when the maintenance ratio is more than the amount of the target value, the financing institute 1 can list up suitable information including such as results of automatic sale on the displaying portion 24 for printing out, can write said suitable information on the following balance sheet 40, and can automatically inform said suitable information to the purchaser via Email. Specifically, WWW sever 13 is set so as to have a mail sever function to store a personal ID and E-mail address of the purchaser. Then a personal ID and the suitable information are transmitted from the business computer 11 to WWW sever 13. At this time, if E-mail address corresponding to the personal ID exists in WWW sever 13, E-mail is automatically transmitted to the purchaser having this address.

[0049] Still more, the operational program for instructing the requirement to start renewing of the stock sale/purchase file 12 (Step 101) is constituted in following ways. The requirement to start renewing of the stock sale/purchase file 12 (Step 101) is automatically performed synchronizing with the reception of the stock price information from outside information providing in-

stitute (not shown) provided via the communication network 3, is automatically performed in a predetermined date, and is performed by the service requirement from the purchaser terminal 2 or/and the input operation from the inputting operation 25 of the business computer 11. [0050] The interest, a number of the stocks, the accommodation fund, the target maintenance ratio, and the automatic selling maintenance ratio are stored in the storing portion 22 of the business computer 11 with the information of the own fund or the like. Therefore, means for storing the amount of own fund, means for storing the amount of accommodation, means for storing the target maintenance ratio, means for storing the automatic selling maintenance ratio are provided on the storing portion 22.

[0051] Furthermore, the operational program to perform rewriting processing of each calculating process, the displaying process, the automatic selling process and the stock sale/purchase file 12 is stored in the storing portion 22. The rewriting processing is performed in the processing portion 21. Therefore, means for calculating the interest, means for calculating the total market value, means for calculating the total amount of accommodation, means for calculating a maintenance ratio, a means for automatically selling, means for purchasing are provided on the processing portion 21.

[0052] Herein, the displaying method to display the suitable information is performed by the displaying portion 24 when the maintainance ratio is more than the target ratio.

[0053] The target maintenance ratio is comprised in such manner that arbitrary numerical values can be stored in the storing portion 22 via inputting operation of the business computer 11. Specifically, the target maintenance ratio is set up large for the brand having a large number of stock trades. On the other hand, the target maintenance ratio is set up small for the brand having a small number of stock trades.

[0054] From the viewpoint of loss generating prevention of the both sides of the purchaser and the financing institute 1, the maintaining target value is set up to less than 100%. Herein, the target maintenance ratio can be individually determined for every brands. However, for example, it is also possible to define said target maintenance ratio in such manners that it sets to 91% uniformly to the brand of a first section market of the stock market, it sets to 88% uniformly to the brand of a second section market of the stock market, and it sets to 91% uniformly to the shop front brand of a first section market of a stock market. Accordingly, the aforementioned method to set the target maintaining ratio for every kinds of the market allows the processing of the stock sale/ purchase system to be simplified so that a storing in the calculation processing is efficiently available.

[0055] The automatic sale maintaining ratio is comprised in such a manner that arbitrary numerical values can be stored in the storing portion 22 via inputting operation of the business computer 11. The automatic sell-

ing maintenanca ratio is the valua such that the purchaser sets up beforehand the maximum loss when the stock price is dropped, and said ratio is set up to more than the target maintenance ratio and less than 100%. The purchaser selects whether the automatic sale is possible or not at the time of contract, and determines the automatic sailing maintenance ratio in the case that automatic sailing is possible.

[0056] Furtharmore, the oparational program is constructed in such a manner that calculation processing of the financing information and tha profit-and-ioss information regarding these stock sale/purchase can be performed not only for avary individual brand but also for a bundle of every two or more brands by an inputting-oparation of the inputting portion 25 of the purchaser terminal 2 or the business computer 11. Theraby, tha stock sala/purchase can be performed. These systems are of the mode such that the stock sale/purchase can be performed not only for avery individual brand but also for a bundle of every two or more brands

[0057] Next, one mathod will be described with reference to Fig.5. This is tha method that the financing information and tha profit-and-loss information regarding these stock sale/purchaser are provided to the purchaser as the balanca shaet via internet. Fig.5 is a flow chart regarding a utilization of the stock sale/purchase system 5. First of ali, the purchaser inputs a personal ID and a password into the purchaser terminal 2 for accessing to Wab site of WWW server 13 for requiring a sarvice (Steo201). When WWW server 13 receives a servica requirement form the purchaser terminal 2. WWW server 13 asks the business computer 11 for the service demand of the purchaser and the attastation processing demand about the purchaser (Step202). The business computer 11 compares the parsonal ID and the password contained in the service demand data transmitted from the purchasar tarminal 2 with the personal ID and the password beforehand registered into the storing portion 22 (Stap 203). Only whan both comparison results ara in corraspondent, the business computer 11 regards it as a service damand of a regular purchaser, and parforms a ranawing processing to rewrite the stock sale/ purchasa fila 12 to the latest stata (Stap204). Howavar, This renewing processing is omitted such as when the stock sale/purchase file 12 is ranewed synchronizing with reception of the stock price information from the outsida information providing institute (not shown) acquired through the communication network 3.

[0058] The business computer 11 transmits only the information to WWW server 13 (Steo205). Herein, this information is described in the balance sheet 40 being provided to the purchaser, and is one of the information stored in the stock sale/purchaser file 12 by which a renewing processing was carried out.

[0059] WWW sarvar 13 adits the information indicated on the balance shaat 40 transmitted from the business computar 11 in HTML styla to ganerate and renew as the file 14 for Web Site (Step206). Sequentially,

WWW sarvar 13 transmits the balanca shaat 40 to tha purchaser terminal 2 in HTML style (Step207). The purchaser terminal 2 includes a browsing function tharein for translating HTML style information transmitted from

WWW sarvar 13 to display on the screen. The balance sheet 40 is displayed on the screen by the browsing function (Step208). According to this procedure, the purchaser can reference the balance sheet 40 shown in Fig. 6 on the screen of the purchaser terminal 2

[0060] Next, the balance sheat 40 will be described with reference to Fig.6. The balance sheat 40 in Fig.6 indicates at feast a purchaser brand 46, a total amount of accommodation 45, a total market value 49. These are a part of the information regarding the stock sala/purchase stored in the stock sale/purchase file 12. Additionally, an own fund 42, an accommodation fund 43, an interest 44, a number of the stocks 48, a stock price 48, a maintenance ratio 50, a target maintenance ratio 51, an automatic salling maintanance ratio 52, a profit and loss 53, a profit and ioss when selling off now or the like may be indicated on the balance sheat 40.

[0061] The balance sheet 40 can be made not only for avery individual brand, but also for a bundle of every two or mora brands.

[0062] Furthermore, the Information ragarding tha purchaser described in the balance shaet 40 is only a personal ID 41. Specifically, the business computer 11 transmits only the personal ID 41, but not transmit the information regarding a name and an addrass when the information described in the balance sheet 40 is transmitted to WWW server 13 aftar tha business computer 11 generates and renews the stock sale/purchase file 12. Accordingly, it is impossible to spacify the purchaser. [0063] Still mora, a security system (not shown in the present embodimant) including a davice having a Fira Wall function such as Routar is provided between the communication natwork 3 end the business computer 11 and batwean the business computer 11 and WWW servar 13.

[0064] Herein, the stock selling/purchasing system 5 of the present ambodiment has been described as a theoratical structure such that the business computer 11 is independently provided from WWW server 13. However, another structure can be made in such a manner that the business computer 11 and WWW server 13 are provided on one device as Hardware.

[0065] At the sama tima, according to the stock salling/purchasing systam 5 of the present Invention, WWW server 13 is stored in the financing institute 1. However, another method is available such that WWW server 13 is used as a server of outsider's Internet provider (not shown).

[0066] Additionally, a theoretical structure of the stock sale/purchasa fila 12 and the balance sheet 40 or tha
 like are not confined to a structure described in figurars so that other structures can be available.

[0067] Next, the operation of the stock selling/purchasing system 5 constituted in the aforementioned way

will be explained with reference to Fig.1 through Fig.7. First of all, the purchaser makes the contract regarding a stock trade with the financing institute 1 by using a teller of the financing institute 1 or internet. The financing Institute 1 delivers a personal iD and a password being used at the time of using Internet to the purcheser when the financing Institute makes contract. Herein, the personal ID and the password is unique number respectively. When the personal ID and the pessword are registered in the storing portion 22 of the business computer 11 of the financing institute 1, the purchaser can use the stock selling/purchasing system 5 at this time.

[0068] Additionally, the purchaser cen select whether the automatic sale is possible or impossible at the time of contracting to registrar "possible" or "impossible" in the storing portion 22. Then, the automatic selling maintenance ratio is determined for registration when a selected result is "possible".

[0069] When the purchaser gains the Information of accommodation or the profit-and-loss information by using the stock seiling/purchasing system 5, the purchaser accesses to Web site of WWW server 13 of the financing institute 1 from the purchaser terminal 2 to perform a service requirement by inputting the personal iD and the password. Then, when WWW server 13 receives the service requirement from the purchaser terminal 2, WWW server 13 makes a request to the business computer 11 for performing the recognition processing about the purchaser and the service regulrement of the purchaser. At this time, the personal ID and the password contained in a service requirement data transmitted from the purchaser terminal 2 are compared with the personal iD and the password beforehand registered in the storing portion 22 with each other by the business computer 11. Only when both comparison results are In correspondent, the business computer 11 regards it as a service demand of a regular purchaser, and begins to perform a renewal processing to rewrite the stock sele/ purchese file 12 to the latest state.

[0070] The business computer 11 calculates the Interest, the gross emount of accommodation, the total market velue, and the maintenance ratio in following way respectively. The interest is calculated in the processing portion 21 under the condition that date of accommodetion is an initial day of calculation. The total amount of accommodation is calculated in such a way that Interest is added to the amount of ecommodation. The total market value is calculated in such way that a number of stock is multiplied by the stock price information provided from outside information providing institute (not shown) via the communication controlling portion 23 and the commutation network 3. The maintenance retio is calculated in such a way that the total market value is subtracted from the total amount of accommodation. Sequentially, the business computer 11 rewrites the contents stored in the stock sale/purchase file 12 to the aforementioned celculation processing result as the latest information for completing a renewing process.

[0071] Furthermore, the business computer 11 transmits only a predetermined information to WWW server 13. Herein, the predetermined information is described in the balance sheet 40 being provided to the purchaser, and is one of the information stored in the renewed stock sale/purchaser file 12.

[0072] WWW server 13 edits the Information de-

scribed on the balance sheet 40 transmitted from the

business computer 11 as HTML style to generate and renew as the file 14 for Web Site. Sequentielly, WWW server 13 transmits the balance sheet 40 to the purchaser terminal 2 as HTML style. The purchaser terminal 2 uses a browsing function stored therein to translate HTML style information transmitted from WWW server 13 for displaying the balance sheet 40 on the screen. [0073] Still more, after the maintenance ratio-calculation process is performed by the business computer 11, when the meintenance ratio exceeds the terget maintenance ratio, an exceeded maintenance ratio is displayed on the displaying portion 24 of the business computer 11. Similarly this exceeded maintenance ratio is displayed also on the balance sheet 40 being transmitted to the purchaser terminal 2. At this time, the next countermeasure such as seiling the stock can be rapidly taken by the purchaser and the financing institute 1 or the like. Consequently, a risk can be reduced in such

[0074] Herein, for example, when the maintenance ratio exceeds more than 100 %, an instruction for purchesing the stock is displayed so that the financing institute 1 or other institutes dominated by the financing institute 1 purchase the stock from the purchaser. This causes the loss price of the purchaser to be confined within the own fund so that the purchaser can prevent the loss from being expanded to more than the own fund.

case that the stock price is dropped.

[0075] Furthermore, when the purcheser regards the automatic sale as "possible", the stock is automatically sold when the maintenance ratio exceeds the automatic sale maintenance ratio. The automatic sale is a system such that the processing portion 21 in the business computer 11 autometically orders the stock sele/purchase computer (not shown) of a security firm to sell the stock vie the communication control portion 23 and the communication network 3. At this time, the loss price of the purchaser is evaluated for preventing the loss from being expended.

[0076] Next, the stock selling/purchasing method using aforementioned selling and purchesing system 5 will be explained with reference to Fig. 8. Fig. 8 is a flow chart indiceting the process of the stock selling and purchasing.

[0077] In Fig. 8, when the stock purchaser purchases the stock by the amount of more than own fund, the finencing institute 1 makes up for shortage (Step 301). At this time, the accommodation frame is determined in accordance with the number of trades in the stock market (Step 401) so that the storage is appropriated based on

the accommodation frame. (Step 402). A brand having a small number of stock trades can hardly sell the stock when the stock price is dropped. Accordingly, for example, if accommodation frame for the purchaser is shrunk in advance, the risk is predictable. On the other hand, a brand having a large number of stock trades can freely perform the stock trade by expanding the accommodation frame.

[0078] Sequentially, the financing Institute 1 deposits the stock purchased by the purchaser in pledge (Step302). At this time, the financing institute 1 can perform an optional dealing for a price reduction of said stock with the third party (Step 403). This is a method such that an optional dealing for a price reduction of Nikkel average is performed by assuming that the stock price is expected to drop in the faature. For example, the financing institute 1 can purchase Put Option (the right to purchase the stock) with a part of interest received from the purchaser.

[0079] Then, for example, when the price of stocks purchased by the purchaser is continuously dropped, the stock in piedge is sold by the financing institute 1 or the purchaser under the condition of raceiving an agreement of a partner (Step 3). At this time, when the selling price is less than the amount of accommodation including a total amount of the interest, the financing institute 1 pays the difference for making up for the shortaga (Step 304). At the same time, the financing institute 1 can appropriate the interest gained by the optional dealing for price reduction shown in Step 403 for the loss (Step 404).

### (Example of embodiment 1)

[0080] Next, one embodiment of the stock selling/purchasing system 5 will be explained with reference to Fig. 1 through Fig.7 respectively. A schematic structure of the stock selling/purchasing system 5 is indicated in Fig. 1. A block structure of the business computer 11 of the financing institute 1 is indicated in Fig.2. A theoretical structure of the stock selling/purchasing file 12 is indicated in Fig.3. A flowchart for renewal processing of the stock selling/purchasing file 12 is indicated in Fig.4. A flowchart for utilization of the selling/purchasing system 5 is indicated in Fig.5.

[0081] When the purchaser inputs the personal ID and the password into the purchaser terminal 2 for accessing to Web site of WWW server 13, the purchaser can reference the balance sheet 40. Herain, one example of embodiment regarding the balance sheet 40 is shown in Fig.7

[0082] in Fig.7, the personal ID is only information to specify the purchaser so as to be described as "110163". This is the number delivered by the financing institute 1 to the purchaser when making a contract.

[0083] The brand name is the information to specify the stock brand such that following a brand code in the stock market, a company name is displayed as "9999 XXXX, Inc."

[0084] The stocks were purchased two times previously in this example. Particulars of the information regarding the accommodation are described. When the stocks were purchased for the first time, particulars are as follows. The date of purchase is "January 10", the number of purchased stock is " 1,000 stocks ", unit price of purchase is "220 yen", a price of purchase is " 220,000 yen", and a payment of service charge to a security of firm is "2,545 yen". Accordingly, a total amount of purchased price is "222,545 ven ". Herein, the purchaser pays own fund as down payment, A payin-date is " January 4" and the price of payment (2) is \* 80,000 yen \*. Consequently, the amount of accommodation accommodated by the financing instituta 1 is "142,545 yen" wherein the prica of payment (2) " 80,000 yen" is subtracted from a total amount of purchased price " 222,545 yen ". Additionally, the interest is " 937 yen "for the amount of accommodation " 142,545 yen ". [0085] Similarly, a purchase of the stock in January 15 for the second time is also described. When the accommodation for the first time and the accommodation for the second time are added with each other, the total amount of Interest Is " 1,388 yen ", total amount of accommodation including a total amount of interest is " 281, 363 yen " In January 21.

[0086] In the meantime, the Information regarding a profit and loss is also described. The total number of stocks in pledges for the first time and second time is "2,000 yen". The dosing stock price as of January 21 is "240 yen". The total market value is "480,000 yen". The present deduction (1) is "198,637 yen" wherein the total amount of accommodation "281,363 yen" is subtracted from said total market value "480,000 yen". The maintenance ratio is "58 %" wherein a total market value" 480,000 yen is subtracted from a total amount of accommodation "281,363 yen". Herein, the target maintenance ratio is determined as "88 %" in advance since said brand is the brand of a second section market

[0087] Still more, the maintenance ratio is less than the target maintenance ratio in the example of this embodiment. However, if the maintenance ratio exceeds the target maintenance ratio, a description is made such that the maintenance ratio is exceeded. At the same time, said information is displayed in also the financing institute 1. Specifically, when the maintenance ratio is more than the target maintenance ratio, a countermeasure such as selling the stock can be taken early to reduce the risk.

[0088] Herein, when the maintenance ratio is more than 100 %, the purchase of the stock is displayed so that the financing institute 1 or other institutes nominated by the financing institution 1 purchases the stock from the purchaser. Accordingly, the amount of loss of the purchaser deserves the amount of own fund so that the purchaser can prevent said loss from being exceeded more than own fund.

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[0089] Furthermore, the automatic selling maintenance ratio is set as 95 % in the embodiment Herein, when the maintenance ratio exceeds 95 %, a security firm is automatically ordered to sell the stock via the communication network 3.

[0090] What is more, a profit and loss of today, namely, a profit and loss yielded by selling the stock today is a deduction wherein a total amount of payment (2) for the first time and the second time " 155,000 yen " and " a sale of service cherge to a security firm is subtracted from a present deduction (1) " 198,637 yen "

[0091] When the purcheser eccesses Web Site of the financing institute 1 in this way, a status of depositing the stock certificate, a particular of accommodation, the stock price of today, the profit end loss yielded by selling the stock now can be referenced in a real-time.

### (Example of embodiment 2)

[0092] Next, on other embodiment of the stock selling/ purchasing system by using aforementioned stock selfing/purchasing system 5 will be explained with reference to Fig.9 through Fig.12. Fig.9 is an explanatory view indicating a circulation of money regarding the stock trade. Flg.10 is one example of a passbook. Fig. 11 is one example of a sale and purchase report. Fig.12 is one example of a compendium in headquarter. As shown in Fig.9, the financing institute 1 manages the stock trade by three compendiums of "the passbook", "the sale and purchase report" and "the compendium for a deposit of pledge". These compendiums are made for every purchaser so that the contents can be examined on the Internet et any time for 24 hours. When the purchaser references these compendiums, the purchaser inputs the personel ID and the password into the purchaser terminal 2 to access the dealing page only for own Web site. "The passbook" ie a compendium for indicating a record of receiving and paying money regarding the stock trade, "the sale and purchasing report" is a compendium for indicating a record of selling and purchasing the stock, and "compendium for a deposit of pledge" is a compendium for indicating a status of depositing the stock in pledge.

[0093] According to "the passbook" shown in Fig.10, the purchaser pays money as the own fund of " 250,000 yen " on May 26 end of " 50,000 yen " on May 29. Then, the purchaser pays money for purchasing five brand stocks of a brand e through e in May 29. Accordingly, the deduction (balance) changed to " 30,000 yen ". Sequentielly, the deduction changed to " 19,500 yen " in June 1 due to a payment of a service charge to e security firm. After that, the purcheser paid money for selling the stock of the brend e end b on June 28. Consequently, the deduction changed to 266,781 yen".

[0094] "Sale and purchase report" of Fig.11 indicates the record of selling and purchasing the brend e on May 29 and June 28. The purchaser purchased "1,000 stocks" with the stock price of "447 yen" on Mey 29.

The amount of accommodation is "357,000 yen" wherein the own fund (payment of a part of money) "90,000 yen" is subtracted from the purchased price for said brand "447,000 yen". After that, the purchaser purchased "1,000 stocks" with the stock price of "515 yen" on June 28. If the emount of accommodation "357.000 yen" and the amount of interest "7.276 ten" are subtrected from this amount of sale "515,000 yen" respectively, the amount of settlement for trading will change to "150,724 yen." Accordingly, the profit and loss of the brand a is "60.724 yen" wherein the own fund (payment of a part of money) "90,000 yen" is subtracted from the amount of eettlement for trading "150.724 yen".

[0095] Similarity, any results of the etock trede for other brands ere elso indicated in " the passbook " and " the sale and purchase report " whenever the trade is executed. Herein, "the compendium for a deposit of pledge" indicates a depositing situation (a property situation) at present time regarding all the brands sold and purchased by the purchaser. Herein, total amount of e profit and loss after calculation (determined value) is "97,281 yen" in "the compendium for a deposit of pledge " shown in Fig.12 since all stocks of the brand a and b are already sold. On the other hand, said profit and loss after celculetion with regard to the brand c, d, and e by which the purchaser has, ie "-31,838yen". Herein, a profit and loss after celculation (determined value) is evaluated by an equation, wherein (the final value — the purchased stock price) × the number of stock - the amount of interest.

[0096] The purchaser can peruse a compendium for receiving and paying a money, a record for selling and purchesing, and a depositing status of the stock in pledge in reel-time by accessing to Web site of the financing institute 1.

[0097] Besides, the present invention is not restricted to aforementioned embodiment or exemple, but it is widely applied. Additionally, the process of each operation regarding the present invention can appropriately be changed to a manual operation.

### INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

### 45 [0098]

(1) According to the stock selling/purchasing system with regard to the present invention, if the maintenance ratio exceeds the target maintenance ratio when the stock price of the purchased brand is dropped, the purchaser can confine the amount of loss to a predetermined value by taking the countermeesure such as selling the stock. At the same time, the financing institute urges the purchaser to sell the stock so that sale price can be appropriated for recovery of ione money. Consequently, the stock trade cen be prectical for both the purchaser and the finencing institute in such manner that risk can

be reduced.

(2) Secondly, the target maintenance retio is arbitrary determined in accordance with the number of stock trade. Accordingly, the profitable line can be provided in accordance with each brand. At the same time, even though a stock price of a purchase brand is dropped, a stock can be easily sold.

- (3) Thirdly, the stock is rapidly and eutomatically sold whan a maintenanca ratio is more than a predetermined velue (the automatic selling maintainance ratio). The purchaser can prevent the emount of loss from being more increased. Accordingly, a working efficiency of selling the stock can be anhanced.
- (4) Fourthly, the profit and loss Information of the purchase brand can be freely calculated not only for every individual brand but also for a bundla of plural brands. Accordingly, the purchaser can sell end purchase the stock for not only every individual brand but also for e bundle of plural brands in accordance with a market trend or funds by grasping tha profit and loss of a whole or optional unit. Consequently, dealing can ba flexibly made.
- (5) Fifthly, the purchaser cen gain a balance sheet of the purchased brand in a real-time via Internet. Accordingly, the purchaser can judge an appropriate timing of stock trada so as to raduca the risk regarding a loss aarly when the stock price is dropped.
- (6) Sixthly, evan though a third party of the general public excapt for both the purchasar and the financing Institute accesses to a Web site established on Internet, it is not specifiad who tha purcheser is. Thereby, the information regarding the purchaser is confined to tha parsonal ID for protacting the privecy of the purchaser. Consequently, the purcheser can use the stock selling and purchasing system in comfort.
- (7) Saventhly, tha stock is sold if the meintenance ratio exceeds predetermined value when the stock price of the stock brand is dropped. Accordingly, the purchaser can reduce the loss. When tha predetermined value is set to more than 100 %, tha purchaser will never lose more than amount of own fund so as to prevent the loss from being expanded.
- (8) Eighthly, when a sale price of the stock purchased by the purchaser is less than amount of the eccommodation or the accommodation including the interest, the balance is paid by the financing institute. Accordingly, the purchaser can restrain the maximum amount of a loss from being exceeded own fund. Consequently, the stock trade can be performed with a guaranty for loss.
- (9) Ninthly, since the financing institute and third party perform an optional daaling for a price reduction of the stock, if the purchaser purcheses a Put option, the interest is secured evan though the stock is dropped. Thereby, the financing institute can

make up for the loss, which is paid by the financing institute when the stock prica is droppad.

(10) Tanthly, an accommodation frame is determined for every brand in accordance with tha numbar of stock trades in the stock markat to accommodate based on the accommodation frame. Especially, whan tha accommodation frame is shrunk for the brand having a small number of the stock trades, it is possible to pradict tha risk such that the stock can hardly be sold. On the other hand, a brand having a larga numbar of stock trades can freely perform the stock trade by expanding the eccommodation frame.

### Claims

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A stock selling/purchasing system to sall and purchase the stock, wharein the financing institute accommodates the stock purchaser with e purchase fund, comprising;

means for storing the amount of own fund to store the amount of own fund of the purchaser,

maans for storing the amount of eccommodation to stora tha amount of accommodation to the purchaser,

maans for calculating the interest to calculate tha interest on tha accommodation,

means for calculating tha total market valua to calculate the total market value of the stock purchased by the purchaser,

meens for calculating the gross amount of eccommodation to calculate the gross amount of accommodation for the purchaser from the amount of accommodation and the calculated interest,

means for calculating a maintenanca ratio to calculata tha maintenance ratio for avery brand of the stock by subtracting seld total markat valua from sald gross emount of accommodation,

meens for storing e terget maintenance ratio to store tha targat maintenance predetermined in eccordence with the brand of the stock, and

maans for displaying the Information when tha meintenence ratio exceeds the target maintenance ratio.

- 2. The stock selling/purchasing system as set forth in cleim 1 characterized in that the target stock maintenence ratio is sat as large value for a brand having a large number of the stock trades, and is set as small value for a brand having a smell number of the stock trades
- The stock selling/purchasing system es set forth in claim 1 or claim 2, comprising;

means for storing on automatic selling maintenanca ratio to store tha automatic selling maintenance ratio predetermined in accordance with the

brand of the stock, and

means for automatic sale to automatically sell the stock when the maintenance ratio exceeds the automatic selling maintenance ratio.

4. The stock selling/purchasing system as set forth in any one of claims 1 through 3 characterized in that said stock is sold and purchased for a bundle of plural brands.

5. The stock selling/purchasing system as set forth in any one of claims 1 through 4 characterized in that said purchaser can pursue at least information to specify the brand of said stock and a balance sheet describing sald gross amount of accommodation and sald total market value via internet.

6. The stock selling/purchasing system as set forth in claim 5 characterized in that only personal ID as Information to specify the individual is described in 20 balance sheet

7. The stock selling/purchasing system as set forth in any one of claims 1 through 6, comprising; a means for purchase to purchase said stock 25

when said maintenance ratio exceeds a predetermined value.

8. A stock selling/purchasing method using a stock sale/purchase system as set forth in any one of claims 1 through 7, comprising;

a step that the financing institute accommodates the stock purchaser,

stock purchased by sald purchaser in piedge,

a step that said financing institute or said purchaser sells said stock, and

a step that when said sale price is less than the amount of the accommodation or the amount of accommodation including interest, a shortage is appropriated as a loss of said financing Institute.

9. The stock selling/purchasing method as set forth in cialm 8, further comprising:

a step that said financing institute performs an 45 optional dealing for a price reduction of said stock with a third party.

10. The stock selling/purchasing method as set forth in claim 8 or claim 9, further comprising:

a step that an accommodation frame is predetermined for every brands of said stock in accordance with the number of stocks in the stock market.

a step that said accommodation is performed in accordance with the accommodation frame.

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a step that said financing institute deposits the

FIG.1

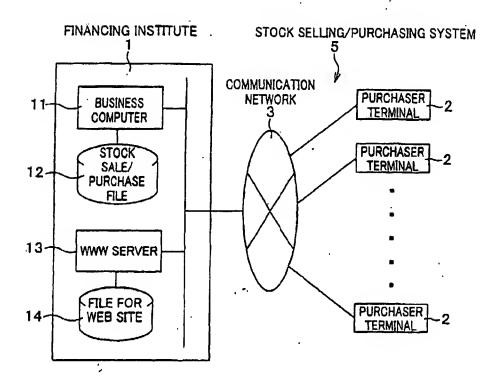
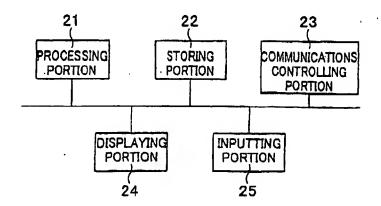
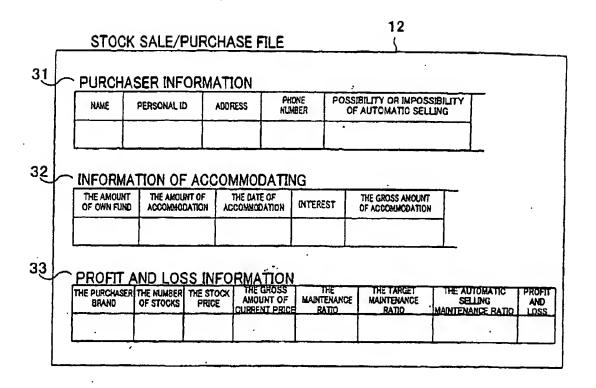
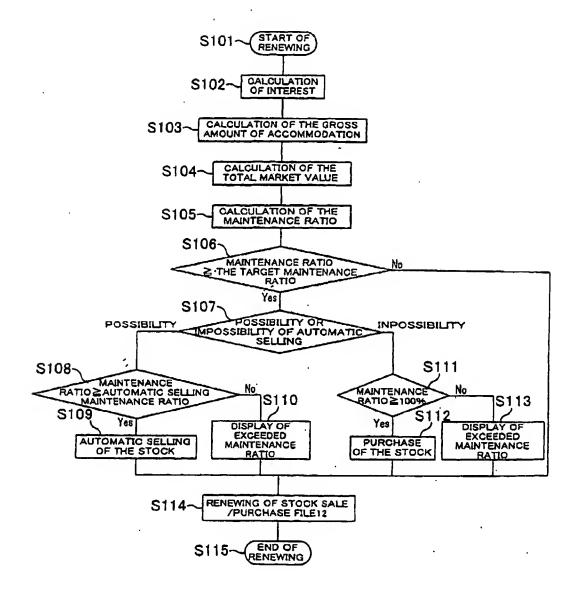
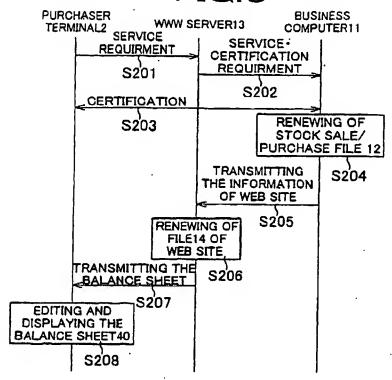


FIG.2

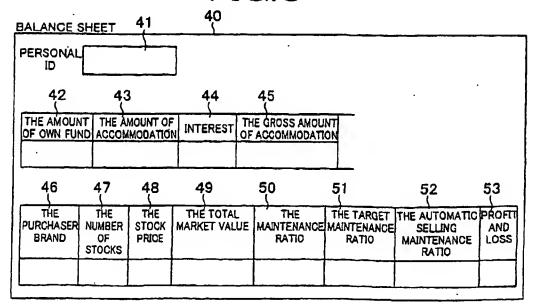








### FIG.6



### F1G.7

The STATEMENT OF PURCHASE AND THE AMOUNT OF ACCOMMODATION
THE
THE PRIME PAYMENT OF TOTAL THE THE THE THE THE THE OF CHARGE TO AMOUNT OF PAYING OF THE PAYING OF PACCOMMODATION
220,000 2,545 222,545 00/1/4 80,000 142,545 [10,000 2,430 212,430 00/1/13 75,000 137,430 [10,1/13 15,000 [10,1/13 15,0
210,000 2,430 212,430 00/1/13 75,000 137,430  THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF INTIL. TODAY  THE GROSS AMOUNT OF ACCOMMODATION  =(THE AMOUNT OF ACCOMMODATION  THE GROSS AMOUNT OF ACCOMMODATION  281,363
210,000 2,430 212,430 00/1/13 75,000 · 137,430  THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF I,388  THE GROSS AMOUNT OF ACCOMMODATION  (THE AMOUNT OF ACCOMMODATION 281,363
182
182

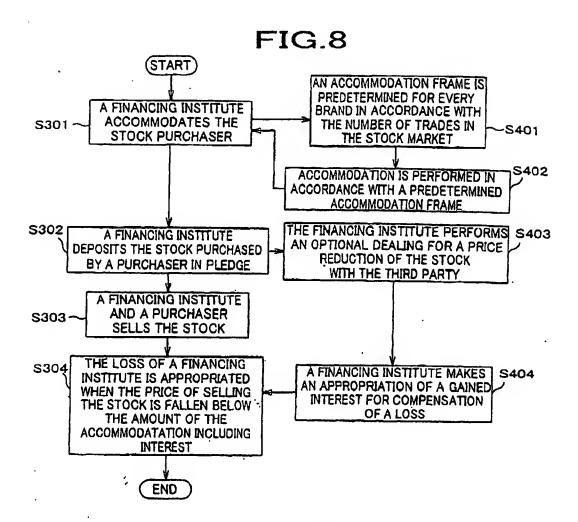
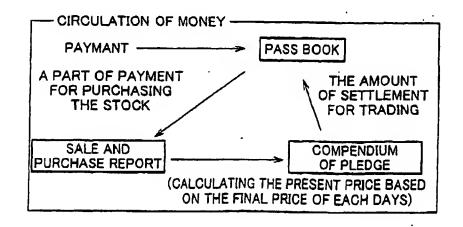


FIG.9



♦FOOT NOTE
DATE OF RENEWING 2000/08/01
DEPARTMENT CD 0001 SALES DEPARTMENT IN HEADQUARTER
CUSTOMER CD 001001 001001

PASS BOOK

						$\overline{}$								
NOTE														
NAME OF BRAND	NOTHING	NOTHING	В	q	<b>o</b> .	P	ə	Р	θ	O	O	q	Ø	q
CODE	0000	0000	8001	B002	5403	9107	1331	1016	1331	5403	8001	8002	8001	8002
DIGEST	DEPOSIT	DEPOSIT	PAYMENT FOR PURCHASING A PART OF THE STOCK	PAYMENT FOR PURCHASING A PART OF THE STOCK	PAYMENT FOR PURCHASING A PART OF THE STOCK	PAYMENT FOR PURCHASING A PART OF THE STOCK	PAYMENT FOR PURCHASING A PART OF THE STOCK	CHARGE TO A SECURITY FIRM	PAYMENT OF SERVISE CHARGE TO A SECURITY FIRM			PAYMENT CHARGE TO		RECEIPT OF MONEY FOR SELLING
DEDUCTION DIGEST	250,000	300,000	210,000	150,000	110,000	70,000	30,000	27,900	25,800	001,62	21,600	005'61	170,224	266,781
PAYMENT	0	0	90,000	000'09	40,000	40,000	40,000	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100	0	0 .
DEPOSIT	250,000	50,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	150,724	6,557
DATE	2000/02/26	2000/02/29	2000/02/29	2000/02/29	2000/02/29	2000/02/29	2000/02/29	2000/06/01	2000/06/01	2000/06/01	2000/00/01	2000/06/01	2000/06/28	2000/06/28

**♦FOOT NOTE** 

DATE OF RENEWING 2000/08/01 DEPARTMENT CD 0001 SALES DEPARTMENT IN HEADQUARTER CUSTOMER CD 001001 001001

# SALE AND PURCHASE REPORT

**♦COMPENDIUM OF PLEDGE** 

CHARGE THE CODE OF BRANCE OF STOCKS PRICE FOR THE STOCK POOR OF STOCK PO	•	
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CODE OF BRAND OF STOCKS PURCHASE OF STOCK PRICE COLOLATION STOCK PRICE ACCOMMODATION STOCK PRICE		2000/ 06/28
CODE OF BRAND OF STOCK PROFIT AND STOCK PROFIT AND STATES OF THE BALANCE OF BRANDS OF STOCK PROFI ACCOMMODIATION BATTEREST SUMBANTEE SHOULD STOCK PROFI ACCOMMODIATION BATTEREST SUMBANTEE OF STOCK	SEENATI	
CODE OF BRAND OF STOCKS PURCHASE OF STACK PRICE COLOLATION STOCK PROZE ACCOMMODATION WITEREST OF STOCK PRICE	MAINTENANCE RATIO	0.00
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CODE OF BRAND OF STOCK PRULL LOSS AFTER OF THE OF T	INTEREST	0
COGE OF BRAND OF STOCKS PROVE CALCALATION BOOT 1 CALCALATION PROCES OF STOCKS PUNCTAKES PROCE CALCALATION CALCALATION DISCOURT OF STOCKS PROCES CALCALATION DISCOURT	BALANCE OF ACCOMMODATION	0
COGE OF BRAND OF STOCKS PRICE FOR FINAL BROOK PRICE FOR STOCKS PRICE PRICE FOR STOCKS PURCHASE PRICE COMPANY PRICE FOR STOCKS PURCHASE PRICE COMPANY PRICE FOR STOCKS PURCHASE PRICE COMPANY PRICE FOR STOCKS PURCHASE PRICE FOR STOCKS PURCHASE PURCH	TOTAL AMOUNT OF THE STOCK PRICE	0
COOTE OF BRAND OF STOCKS PURCHASE PO	PROFIT AND LOSS AFTER CALCULATION	60,724
COUTE OF BRAND 89001	كأتاكا	_,
COUTE OF BRAND 89001	THE STOCK PRICE FOR PURCHASE	0
COUTE OF BRAND 89001	THE AUMBER OF STOCKS	0
COUE		_
CHANGE ITEM THE STOCK	COUE	1008
CHWRGE HG.	ITEM	THE STOCK
	CHARGE NO.	0001

SALE AND PURCHASE RECORD

THE AMOUNT OF SETTLEMENT FOR TRADING	0	150,724
THE AMOUNT OF INTEREST	0	7,276
THE NUMBER OF DAYS	0	31
THE AMOUNT BALANCE A PREMOUS OF OF DATE OF ACCOMMODATION ACCOMMODATION INTEREST CALCULATION	357,000 24.00 2000/05/29	24.00 2000/05/29
INTEREST	24.00	24.00
BALANCE OF ACCOMBODATION	357,000	0
THE AMOUNT OF ACCOMMODATION	357,000	357,000
	000'06	000'06
THE STOCK THE PRICE A PART OF PRICE OF TRADE OWN FOLID	1,000 447 447,000	515 515,000
THE STOCK PRICE	447	515
THE NUMBER THE OF STOCK TRADES PROCE		1,000
SALE/ PURCHASE DATE OF TREDE	URCHASE 2000/05/29	2000/06/28
SALE/ PURCHASE	PURCHASE	SALE

*<b>ÓFOOT NOTE* 

DEPARTMENT CD 0001 SALES DEPARTMENT IN HEADQUARTER DATE OF RENEWING 2000/08/01

CUSTOMER CD 001001 001001

# COMPENDIUM FOR A DEPOSIT OF PLEDGE

**\$\lefty\$TOTAL AMOUNT OF A DEPOSIT FOUD**(PLEASE CLICK THE ITEM OF BALANCE FOR CONFIRMING A RECIPT AND PAYMENT OF MONEY)

97,281 FROFIT AMOUNT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR SOLD STOCKS -31,838 PROFIT AND LOSS AFTER CALCULATION TOTAL AMOUNT BALANCE OF OF THE PECIPT AND STOCK PRICE PAYMENT OF MONEY 266,781 499,000

◇INVENTORY FOR A DEPOSIT OF PLEDGE

(①MAINTENANCE RATIO=(BALANCE OF ACCOMMODATION+TOTAL AMOUNT OF
INTEREST) ÷ TOTAL AMOUNT OF STOCK PRICE
(②WHEN A MAINTENANCE RATIO EXCEEDS 91% OF A FIRST SECTION OF
TOKYO STOCK EXCHANGE AND 88% OF A SECOND SECTION OF TOKYO STOCK
EXCHANGE A SIGNATURE ▲ FOR SELLING IS POSSIBLE.)
WHEN CONFIRMING THE DATE OF ACCOMMODATION INTEREST AND THE LIKE.
PLEASE CLICK A CHANGE NUMBER TO SEE A SALE AND PURCHASE REPORT.

THE NUMBER STONATURE OF OAYS	0	0	₩ 65	65	10
S MAINTEMANCE ©	000	00.00	92.13	75.19	04 00
SALES GUARANTEE	0	0	0	0	-
THE AMOURNT OF INTEREST	0	0	5,513	5,855	6.470
A PART OF BALANCE OF OTHER PURPORTION	0	0	129,000	137,000	129 000
A PART OF OWN FUND	0	0	146,000 40,000	40,000	40,000
TOTAL AMOUNT OF THE STOCK PRICE	0	0	146,000	190,000	163,000
PROFIT AND LOSS AFTER CALCULATION	60,724	36,557	-28,513	7,145	UTA 01-
PRICE	550	365	146	190	163
THE STOCK PRICE FOR PURCHASE	0	0	169	(1)	169
THE NUMBER OF STOCKS	0	0	1,000	1,000	1 000
NAME OF BRAND	Ø	q	Э	Р	•
CODE	11 srock 8001	8002	5403	9107	1331
ITEM	STOCK	0002 STOCK 8	0003 stock 5403	0004 втоск	0005 proce 1331
CHARGE NO.	0001	0005	0003	0004	SUUU

### EP 1 282 053 A1

### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/JP00/06868

				200700000					
A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER Int.Cl <sup>7</sup> G06F17/60									
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC									
B. FIELD	SSEARCHED								
	Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)  Int.Cl <sup>7</sup> G06F17/60								
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched  Jitsuyo Shinan Koho 1926-1996 Jitsuyo Shinan Toroku Koho 1996-2000  Kokai Jitsuyo Shinan Koho 1971-2000 Toroku Jitsuyo Shinan Koho 1994-2000									
	Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)  JOIS (JICST)								
c. Docu	MENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT								
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where ap			Relevant to claim No.					
Y	JP, 11-143934, A (Kokusai Elect 28 May, 1999 (28.05.99), Full text; Figs. 1 to 5 (Fami	ric Co., Ltd ly: none)	1-10						
Y	"EXCEL no 'Sakimono' Sheet de, Risky daga Miryokutekina 1-10 Kabuka Shisuu Sakimono wo Kouryaku shiyou (I", CYBiZ June, 1997, (Japan) Kabushiki Kaisha CYBiZ, (01.06.97), pp. 134-137								
Y	"Internet Kabushiki Toushi no S (Japan) PHP Kenkyusho, (24.02.0	ubete" the 1 <sup>st</sup>	printing,	1-10					
	documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.	See patent fam.							
"A" docume	categories of cited documents: m defining the general state of the art which is not	"T" later document p priority date and	ublished ofter the inte	mational filing date or e application but cited to					
conside	red to be of particular relevance secument but published on or after the international filing	understand the p	rinciple or theory unde	riying the invention					
date "L" docume	ant which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is	considered novel step when the do	or cannot be consider current is taken alone	ted to idvolve an inventive					
special	establish the publication date of another citation or other reason (as specified) nt referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other	considered to inv	olve an inventive step or or more other such	trimed invention cannot be when the document is documents, such					
	nt published prior to the international filing date but later priority date claimed	"&" document member	g obvious to a person	skilled in the art					
Date of the a	ecual completion of the international search ecember, 2000 (07.12.00)	Date of mailing of the international search report 19 December, 2000 (19.12.00)							
	ailing address of the ISA/ nese Patent Office	Authorized officer							
Facsimile No	).	Telephone No.							

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1992)